CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CORE COMPETENCIES

A Guide to the Construction Management Core Competencies and their Body of Knowledge

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CM PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE

- A. TheConstruction Manager as a Professional
 - 1. CM's role and responsibilities as a professional and leader
- B. Historical Evolution of CM
 - 1. Early construction management projects
 - 2. Evolution of CM in the public sector
 - 3. Problems encountered at the Federal level
 - 4. Role of associations in the development of CM
 - 5. Role of the Construction Management Association of America (CMAA)
 - 6. Establishment of standards of professional practice

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- 2. Traditional approached to project delivery
 - a. Contracting options
 - b. Advantages and disadvantages of that itional system
- 3. DesignBuild as a delivery system
 - a. Advantages and disadvantages of the design/build approach
- 4. Construction Management as a delivery system
 - a. Definitions of CM
- E. Forms of Construction Management
 - 1. Placing CM on the agency at risk spectrum
 - 2. Legal reationships between owner and CM
 - a. Fiduciary responsibility and the potential conflict of interest
 - b. Defining the CM standard of care
 - c. Creating and maintaining the own@M relationship
 - 3. Forms of CM contract
 - a. CM as an agent of the owner
 - i. Pure Agent
 - ii. ACMSinglePrime
 - iii. ACMMulti Prime
 - b. Guaranteed Maximum Price CM (GMP)
 - c. CM as an independent contractor
 - d. Dual Services CM
 - e. Extended Services CM
- F. Procurement and Compensation of Professional CM Services
 - 1. Owner selection of the project team
 - a. Determining the project delivery sest
 - b. Criteria for the project team
 - c. Selection of the Construction Manager
 - 2. CM professional services contract issues
 - a. Standard form versus specially developed contracts
 - b. Legal and other review processes
 - c. Public sector procurement of CM services
 - 3. CM compensation
 - a. Basic CM fee structures
 - i. Fixed fee
 - ii. Fixed fee plus costs
 - iii. Percentage of construction costs
 - iv. Cost reimbursement
 - v. Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP)

- 3. Selectingand prioritizing pertinent reference documents
- 4. Summarizing detailed project data for team members
- 5. Organization of the project
 - a. Understanding relationships between project control systems, procedures and tasks
 - b. Types of project organization, decision and authority structures
 - c. Understanding organizational structures of other team members
 - d. Defining the roles and responsibilities of project team members
 - Using the "responsibility matrix" to communicate lines of responsibility and authority

6. Site use planning

- a. Knowledge of construction sequences and operations
- b. Components required for site mobilization/use over project duration
- c. Identifying unique site conditions which may impact construction operations
 - i. Alternative or prescriptive sequences to optimize site autibiz

7. Contract administration

- a. Understanding the contractual relationships of team members
- b. Applications of basic contracting/procurement strategies:
 - i. Single Prime/Multi Prime
 - ii. Lump Sum/Cost Plus/Guaranteed Maximum Price
 - iii. DesignBuild
 - iv. Fast Track
 - v. Phased Purchase
 - vi. Long Lead Procurement
 - vii. Owner Assignment
- c. Identifying and resolving conflicts duplications or omissions in contractual responsibilities

d.

- ii. Special liability risks
- iii. Applying principles and techniques of risk management
- iv. Available alternative dispute resolution options
 - Applicable laws and standards
- 9. The Project Procedures Manual
 - a. Purpose and contents
 - b. Level of detail appropriate
- 10. Project funding
 - a. Preparing information required to support owner's funding requirements (cash flow, budgets, estimates, schedules, program definitions, project descriptions, etc
- C. Design Professional Selection
 - 1. Design resources required to meetsific project requirements
 - 2. Basic tasks and responsibilities of design professionals
 - 3. Defining criteria for qualifications and experience of design professionals in relation to the project
 - 4. Basic contracting strategies for design professional services

a.

- 2. Assessing bidding climates
- 3. Requirements for selection of papalified bidders for bid advertisement
- 4. Assessing and evaluating bidder qualification to project requirements
- 5. Understanding basic content required of contract general conditions
- 6. Addressing risk management issues in contractor award meetings

F. Information Management

- 1. Defining expected outcomes of the information managementersys
 - a. Data requirements to meet reporting goals
 - b. Client expectations and requirements
 - c. Appropriate levels of detail
 - d. Distribution of reports
 - e. Procedures for information plan revisions
- 2. Providing timely flow of information to the project team
 - a. Overall status and forecast of outcomestimate plan
- 3. Understanding design report formats
- 4. Understanding cost/benefit analyses of various information systems levels
- 5. Procedures for retrieval and processing of information
- 6. Developing appropriate public relations information
- 7. Understand real/perceived impacts of project on the community

COSTMANAGEMENT

- A. Project and Construction Budget
 - 1. Conceptual budgeting methods, components and factors
 - a. Interpreting conceptual budgets provided by the owner and assessing impacts on the project cosnanagement plan
 - b. Integrating the owner's conceptual budget into the overall cost

- 3. Using cost models to monitor cost during progress of design
- 4. Cash flow needs and availability based o the project progress schedule
 - a. Developing a compatible cassow schedule

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e. Evaluating progress on activities and determining relative percentages for work progress

D. Design Phase Scheduling

- 1. Difference between statusing the schedule for progress (updating) and revising the schedule to reflect changes that have or will occur
- 2. Implementing schedule revisions and assessing and minimizing impact on project dates and costs

E. Construction Phase Scheduling

- 1. Understanding when a recovery schedule should be required during the course of a project
 - a. The relationship of the recovery schedule to the base project schedule
 - b. Determining the appropriate period of schedule recovery
 - c. Types and uses of forms of recovery schedules
- Schedulempact of suspension of work, concurrent delays, compensable and noncompensable delays
- 3. Time impact analysis using palanned, asadjusted and asuilt schedules

- 7. Integrating contract drawings, specificatiogeneral and special provisions, codes, submittals, changes and applicable regulations into quality management
- 8. Computer software available for project, cost, and schedule management and estimating
- 9. Understanding how the Quality Management Plan integratesoither project plans and procedures
- B. Selecting the Project Team
 - 1. Understanding the selection process
 - 2.

- 6. General use and capabilities of materials used in construction
- 7. Material performance and its relationship to project quality
- 8. Developing corrective procedures for deficient and onforming work
- H. Quality Management Documentation
 - 1. Quality control document retrieval and archival
 - a. Identifying quality management data requiring tracking
 - b. Procedures for communicating quality management data to other project parties

CONTRACTADMINISTRATION

- A. Project Contract Format
 - 1. Evaluating a project to determine the appropriate delivery technique(s)
 - 2. Understandingisk sharing methods
 - 3. Defining the roles and responsibilities of the parties under each delivery technique
 - 4. Defining advantages and disadvantages of each delivery technique
- B. Design Phase Contract Administration
 - 1. Understanding design processes and procedures
 - 2. Importance of team member communication and interaction
 - 3. Understand the project milestone schedule
 - 4. Defining design phase milestones, tasks and responsibilities of team members
 - a. Understanding design requirements at various design milestones (concept, schematic, design development etc.)
 - 5. Understanding the requirements for different types of design reviews (program, technical, constructibility, etc.)
 - 6. Project legal requirements relative to proprietary specifications
 - 7. Documenting results of design reviews and commattining same to team members
- C. Construction Procurement
 - 1. Understanding construction contracting delivery methods
 - 2. Bid packaging concepts and bid package interface requirements
 - a. Bid packaging related to project needs and market conditions
 - 3. Disputes avoidance proceeds and team building (partnering) concepts
 - 4. Developing a construction contract procurement plan
 - 5. Reading and understanding contract documents
 - 6. Market survey techniques and procedures
 - 7. Contractor prequalification techniques
 - 8.

- b. Importance of consistency in the bid process
- c. Bid and performance guarantees, such as bid and performance bonds, letters of credit. etc

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- c. Requirements relative to absuilt drawings
 - i. Defining the process for to the suit review and approval
- d. Requirements for shop drawings, coordination drawings, change orders, field orders, requests for information, etc
- 6. Specification requirements of the contract, including inspections required during manufacture and at delivery
- 7. Contractor's procurement, expecidig, delivery and installation processes relative to material and equipment furnished by contractor or owner
- 8. Defining contractors' responsibility for quality

a.

a. Understanding project accounting records

11. Occupancy/startup requirements

SAFETYMANAGEMENT

- A. Sources of Safety Liability
 - 1. Contractual services and the CM's duty to injured workers
 - 2. Actions of the CM and the dutynjured workers
 - 3. Liability imposed by statute
 - 4. Statelevel safety legislation
 - 5. The Occupational Safety and health Act (OSHA)
- B. Immunity and Indemnity from Safety Risk
 - 1. Insurance coverage for safets/lated claims
 - 2. Applicability of Workers' Compensation Laws
 - 3. Indemnification for safety
- C. Safety Records
 - 1. Purpose of prequalifying contractors
 - 2. Contractor's OSHA 200 form

3.

- 2. Risk allocation principles
- H. Insurance for CM Services
 - 1. Common projet risks
 - 2. Types of insurance coverage
 - 3. Insurance requirements for projects
- I. Alternative Forms of dispute Resolution
 - 1. Arbitration
 - 2. Mediation
 - 3. Mini-Trial
 - 4. Dispute Review Board
 - 5. Mediation/Arbitration
- J. Partnering
 - K. Definition
 - L. Benefits to the parties
 - M. Process of partnering